accompanying Swedish Foreign Minister and EAM. Views were exchanged on regional developments in Europe and in South Asia, disarmament issues, terrorism and human rights. The talks resulted in greater understanding of each other's concerns and perspectives. Prospects for enhancing bilateral economic relations have also improved as a result of the interaction between the accompanying high-level Swedish business delegation and their Indian counterparts.

Extradition Treaties

5608. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE : Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether negotiations have lately been going on for signing extradition treaty with the United States. Canada and Germany to fight international terrorism ; and

(b) if so, the outcome thereof in each case?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R.L. BHATIA) : (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) *USA :* India and USA held one round of negotiations in September, 1993 *to* conclude a new Extradition Treaty. The Treaty can only be finalised after further negotiations are completed at the technical level and results evaluated by the two Governments.

Canada : An Extradition Treaty with Canada was signed in 1987, and is presently in force between the two countries.

Germany : India and Germany held a second round of negotiations in February, 1994 to conclude an Extradition Treaty. The treaty has been finalised at the technical level, and is presently being evaluated by the two Governments.

Visit of Namibian President to India

5609. SHRI AJIT P.K. JOGI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) whether the President of Namibia visited India in Feburary, 1992; and

(b) if so, the bilateral issues discussed and the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTER- NAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED) : (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) During his discussions with our leaders, bilteral relations, regional and international issues were covered. Visit resulted in a reaffirmation and consolidation of the close ties between the two countries.

During the visit, the Indira Gandhi Prize, 1990, for Peace, Disarmament and Development, for which he could not come earlier, was conferred on the Namibian President.

Use of Hindi in Indian Missions

5610. SHRI AJIT P.K. JOGI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the names of our missions abroad where Hindi is used;

(b) how many publications are being brought out by our missions abroad in each foreign country;

(c) how many of these publications are published it Hindi language in each foreign country;

(d) whether there are any guidelines to the Indian missions abroad for the use of Hindi; and

(e) if so, the details in regard thereto: and if not. the reasons there for?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS {SHRI R.L. BHA-TIA): (a) Officers in our Missions abroad use Hindi to the extent possible in written and oral communications with Headquarters and during functions organised by them.

(b) and (c) Details are given in the statement. *(See* below)

(d) and (e) All our Missions/Post abroad are kept fully informed about the rules and regulations relation to the Official Language Policy of the Govt, of India and all other instructions issue by theDeptt. of Official Language, Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time and our Missions are expected to fpllow these rules and instructions.

Statement

Details of publications brought out by our Mission abroad

Sl. No.	Name of Mission	No. of Publication & Language	Publications brought out in Hindi
1.	Beijing	Quarterly (Chinese)	Nil
2.	Brussel	Newsletter (Monthly)	One
3.	Budapest	One	Nil
4.	Buenos Aires	Quarterly India Externaly (Spanish)	Nil
5.	Cairo	Monthly Sawtul Sharq	Nil
		Monthly Economic news Letter from India (Arabic)	
6	Colmbo	Sambad (Eng. Sinhala, Tamil) monthly	Nil
7.	Damascus.	Bimonthly Al-Hind (Arabic)	Nil
8.	Dhaka	Bharat Bichitra (Bengali) News bulletin in English	Nil
9.	Georgetown	India News (English) Monthly	A separate section devoted to Hindi
10.	Hague	India News (English) Monthly	Nil
11.	Harare	English Newsletter Monthly	Nil
12.	Hongkong	India News (Weekly) (Eng.) Economic & Commercial Bulletin Fortnightly (Eng.)	Nil
13.	Jeddah	India News (English) Monthly	Nil
14.	Kobe	Economic News from India Fortnightly (English)	Nil
15.	Kuala Lumpur	Vistas (English) Monthly	Nil
16.	Lagos	India News & NRI Bulletin (Eng.)	Nil
17.	London	India Digest (Quarterly) (Eng.) Bharat Bhavan Samachar (Eng.) Monthly Market India (Monthly)	Bharat Bhavan Samachar (Monthly)

1		2	3
18	Lusaka . . .	One	Nil
19	Manila . . .	India News Periodical	Nil
20	Nairobi . . .	India News fortnightly (Eng.)	Nil
21	Ottawa . . .	fndia Nsws Bulletin Fort. Eng.	Nil
22	Paris . . .	Nouovellesde Inde french 'L' Inde Economique Freneh	Nil
23	Port Louis . .	India View Eng. Monthly Economic Newsletter Eng.	Nil
24	Prague . . .	India News Bulletin Fort.	Nil
25	Rome . . .	India Italian Quarterly	Nil
26	Seoul . . .	India Economic News	Nil
27	Stockholm . .	India News & India Economic & Commercial News	Nil
28	Thimpu . . .	Jalmelong Fortnightly Eng.	Nil
29	Tokyo . .	India News Eng. Fort.	Nil
30	Toronto . .	India News/Commercial News bulletin Monthly English	Nil
31	Warsaw . . .	India News (When required)	Nil
32	Washington . .	India News (Fortnightly) (English)	Nil

Pak Delegation to India to attend Commonwealth Parliamentary Seminar

5611. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the news item which appeared in 'Dainik Ja-garan' dated 18-1-94 regarding the special interview of Pakistani delegation who came to India to attend the sixth Commonwealth Parliamentary Seminar, held in Delhi, recently ; and

(b) if so, what is the reaction of Government with regard to the whole matter which appeared in the newspaper ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXETER NAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R.L. BH-ATTA (a) Government have seen the news item which appeared in 'Dainik Jagran' of 18th January, 1994.

(b) Government are committed to resolve all differences with Pakistan peacefully and through Material negotiations. Pakistan's support to subversion and terrorism is the root cause of tension in the bilateral relations. Government have at every available opportunity called upon Government of Pakistan to stop this support and to join us in sincere endeavours to resolve out-standing deifference through a meaningful bilateral dialogue within the framework of the